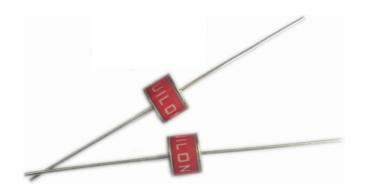


2RB-8 (DAC) Series

Description

Gas Discharge Tube (GDT) Surge Arrestors operate as a voltage dependent switch. When a voltage appears across the device that is greater than its rated DC breakdown voltage the gas in the GDT will begin to ionize and conduct until is reaches it's Impulse Spark-over Voltage. At this point, the device is fully in its on state and a low arc voltage is maintained irrespective of discharge current. When the transient passes, the GDT will reset to its non-conducting state. GDT technology is capable of handling very high surge currents, posses very high off-state insulating resistance s and is very low in capacitance making them ideal as a stand-alone protector or as the primary stage of a multi-stage circuit protection design.

2RB-8(DAC) Series gas discharge tubes enable protection modules to be constructed with protection classes for N-PE applications.



Agency Approvals

Agency	Standards	Certificate No.	
71 °	UL497B	E465335	
71 °	UL1449 E479668		
TÜV Rheinland	EN 61643-311 IEC 61643-311	J50571931	

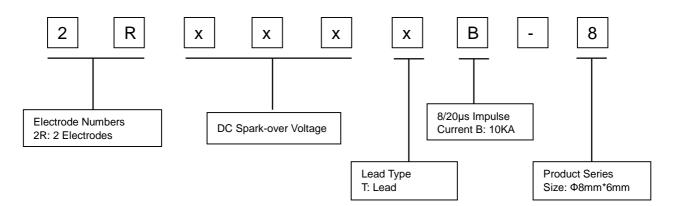
Features

- I High follow current capability
- I Ultra-fast response time
- I Stable breakdown voltage
- 8/20µs Impulse current capability: 10KA
- I Non-Radioactive
- I Ultra Low capacitance (<1.5pF)</p>
- I Size: Φ8mm*6mm
- I Storage and operational temperature: -40~+125°C

Applications

- I Application with high follow current
- I Power supply
- I Consumer electronics
- I AC power line devices

Part Number Code





2RB-8 (DAC) Series

Electrical Characteristics

Model			2R350TB-8	2R600TB-8	2R800TB-8	Units
Product code		10.12.82.3500-DAC	10.12.82.6000-DAC	10.12.82.8000-DAC		
DC Spark-over Voltage 1) 2)	at 100V/S		350±20%	600±20%	800±20%	V
Impulse Spark-over Voltage	at 100V/µS		<500	<750	<1000	V
	at 1KV/µS		<600	<850	<1100	V
Front of wave spark-over voltage	at 1.2/50 µs, 6 kV		<800	<1000	<1500	V
Class II (according to IEC 61643-11)						
Maximum continuous operating voltag	e at 50/60Hz	$U_{\mathbb{C}}$	120	255	255	Vrms
Nominal impulse discharge current 8	3/20µs 15 times	s I _n	10	10	10	KA
Maximum discharge current 8/20µs	1 time	I_{max}	20	20	20	KA
Follow current at 50/60Hz		I f	100	100	100	Α
Service life (According to IEC 61643	-311)					
Nominal impulse discharge current 8	3/20µs ±5 times	3	10	10	10	KA
Maximum discharge current 8/20µs	1 time		20	20	20	KA
Alternating Discharge Current 50Hz,	1S 10 times	3	10	10	10	Α
Impulse Life 1.2/50μS, 2Ω	40 time		20	20	20	KV
1.2/50μS, 12Ω	80 times	3	20	20	20	KV
Glow Voltage	at 10mA		~130	~150	~170	V
Arc Voltage	at 1A		~15	~18	~20	V
Insulation Resistance			>1	>1	>1	GΩ
Insulation Resistance Measuring Volta	age		100	100	100	V_{DC}
Capacitance	at 1MHz		<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	pF
Weight			~1.1	~1.1	~1.1	g
Operation and storage temperature			-40~+125	-40~+125	-40~+125	°C
Climatic category (IEC60068-1)			40/125/21	40/125/21	40/125/21	
Agency Approvals 3)						
UL497B	E465335		©	©	©	
UL1449	E479668			©	©	
EN 61643-311 IEC 61643-311	J50571931			©	©	
Marking, red negative			RUILON350D Y	RUILON600D Y	RUILON800D Y	
			XXX - Nominal voltage D - Turn off follow curr Y - Year of production	rent		
Surface treatment	Body		Nickel Plated			
Carrage troutment	Wire		Tin plated			
	*****		platoa			

 $^{^{\}rm 1)}~$ At delivery AQL 0.65 level II, DIN ISO 2859.

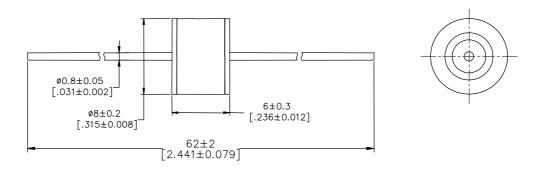
²⁾ In ionized mode.

 $^{^{3)}}$ " \odot " indicates that the product has passed the certification, "--" indicates that the product is not certified.



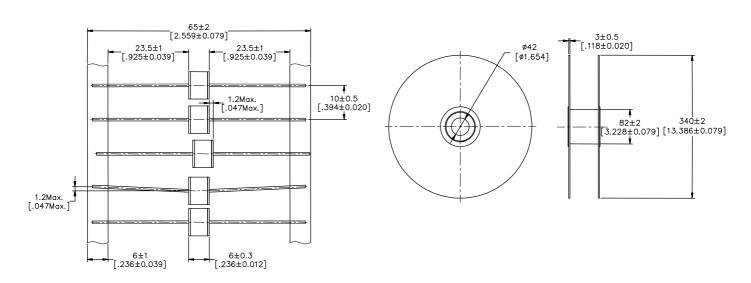
2RB-8 (DAC) Series

Dimensions (Unit: mm/inch)



Packaging Information (Unit: mm/inch)

Tape Reel



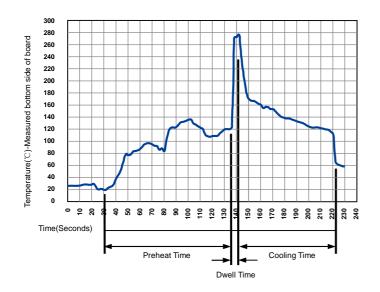
According to IEC 60286-1



2RB-8 (DAC) Series

	Reel	Carton
Size	340×78mm	350×350×407mm
Quantity	MPQ/MOQ: 1 reel=800pcs	1 Carton=5 reels =4,000pcs
Photos		RIM SON MARIANTANA AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND

Soldering Parameters - Wave soldering (Thru-Hole Devices)



Wave Soldering Condition		Pb-Free assembly	
Preheat	Temperature Min	100°C	
	Temperature Max	150°C	
	Time (Min to Max)	60-180 Seconds	
Solder Pot Temperature		280°C Max	
Solder Dwell Time		2-5 Seconds	



2RB-8 (DAC) Series

Terms and definitions

NO.	Item	Definitions
1 Gas discharge tube(GDT)		Gap, or several gaps, in an enclosed discharge medium, other than air at atmospheric pressure, designed to protect
		apparatus or personnel, or both, from high transient voltages. Also referred to as "gas tube surge arrester".
2	DC Spark-over Voltage	The voltage at which the gas discharge tube sparks over with slowly increasing d.c. voltage.
3	Impulse Spark-over	The highest voltage which appears across the terminals of a gas discharge tube in the period between the
3	Voltage	applications of an impulse of given waveform and the time when current begins to flow.
4	Impulse discharge current 8/20µs	Current impulse with a nominal virtual front time of 8µs and a nominal time to half-value of 20µs.
5	Impulse discharge current 10/350µs	Current impulse with a nominal virtual front time of 10μs and a nominal time to half-value of 350μs.
6	1,2/50 voltage impulse	Voltage impulse with a nominal virtual front time of 1,2µs and a nominal time to half-value of 50µs.
7	Maximum continuous operating voltage $U_{\mathbb{C}}$	Maximum rms. voltage, which may be continuously applied to the GDT's mode of protection.
8	Nominal discharge current <i>I</i> _n	Crest value of the current through the GDT having a current waveform of 8/20.
9	Maximum discharge current <i>I</i> _{max}	Crest value of a current through the Surge arrester having an 8/20 waveform and magnitude according to the manufacturers specification. I_{max} is equal to or greater than I_n .
10	Impulse discharge current for class I test $I_{\rm imp}$	Crest value of the current through the Surge arrester having a current waveform of 10/350 with specified charge transfer Q and specified energy W/R in the specified time.
11	Follow current I _f	Current supplied by the electrical power system and flowing through the surge arrester after an I_n -discharge current impulse.
12	Insulation Resistance	Insulation resistance shall be measured from each terminal to every other terminal of the GDT. The test is performed with DC50V when normal spark-over Voltage 70~150V, others with DC100V.
13	Capacitance	The capacitance shall be measured once at 1 MHz between all terminals unless otherwise specified.
14	Class I	Surge arrester protects against direct lightning strike. Direct lightning strike is defined as current impulse I_{imp} with waveform 10/350 μ s. Withstand capability acc. to IEC 61643-11 standard.
15	Class II	Surge arrester protects against induced surge current. Induced surge current is defined as current impulse I_n and I_{max} with waveform of shorter duration than I_{imp} , 8/20 µs. Withstand capability acc. to IEC 61643-11 standard.

Cautions and warnings

- I The follow current must be limited within I_f (see the value on page 2) value so that the arrester can be properly extinguished when the surge has decayed. The arrester might otherwise heat up and ignite adjacent components.
- I Surge arresters may become hot in the event of longer periods of current stress (burn risk). In the event of overload the connectors may fail or the component may be destroyed.
- I If the contacts of the surge arresters are defective, current load can cause sparks and loud noises.
- I Surge arresters must be handled with care and must not be dropped.
- I Damaged surge arresters must not be re-used.